# **RTI Connext**

**Installation Guide** 

Version 7.2.0



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# **Chapter 1 Installing RTI Connext**

*RTI*® *Connext*® is delivered as static and dynamic libraries with development tools, examples, and documentation that will help you use the libraries.

If you are installing a purchased version of *Connext*, see 1.1 Installing a Regular Version below. If you are evaluating *Connext* or using it for research purposes, see 1.2 Installing an Evaluation or LM Version on page 7. Note that all evaluation and LM versions require a license key file to run. All use of both regular and LM versions is subject to RTI's Software License Agreement #4000. The evaluation version is subject to RTI's Software Evaluation License Agreement #4020.

### 1.1 Installing a Regular Version

Connext distributions are provided in two types of bundles: hosts and targets.

• A *host* bundle contains non-target-specific files, such as documentation, header files, tools, and infrastructure services executables. The host bundle is provided in a **.run**, **.exe**, or **.dmg** file that will run an installer.

Host bundles are named:

• rti\_connext\_dds-<version>-<package\_type>-host-<host-platform>.<extension>

The <package\_type> is usually pro.

**Note:** The legacy **core** package type does not include all functionality. Please contact your local RTI sales representative or email **sales@rti.com** for more information.

The <host\_platform> depends on your development platform: **x64Linux** for Linux® systems, **x64Win64** for Windows® systems, or **darwin** for macOS® systems.

The <extension> is **run** for Linux systems, **exe** for Windows systems, or **dmg** for macOS systems.

• A *target* bundle contains libraries and any applications that have target-specific dependencies. A target bundle is an "RTI Package" (\***.rtipkg**) file that must be installed on top of your host bundle.

Target bundles are named:

• rti\_connext\_dds-<version>-<package\_type>-target-<target\_architecture>.rtipkg

The <target\_architecture> depends on your target machine (where you will deploy your completed application). These strings are listed in the <u>RTI Connext Core Libraries Platform Notes</u>; examples are **x64Win64VS2017** and **x64Linux4gcc7.3.0**.

Note: You may have more than one target bundle if you are developing for multiple targets.

**Note:** If you are developing C# applications, you need to download NuGet packages as well. For detailed instructions, see <u>Installing Connext</u> in the <u>RTI Connext Getting Started Guide for C#</u>.

If you are installing a patch release (for example, a 7.2.0.x release), read Chapter 5 Special Backup of RTI Libraries on page 20.

There are two ways to install a *Connext* host bundle:

- using an installer, which will prompt you for information such as where to install, or
- using a script, which allows you to run in "unattended mode" so you will not be prompted for information while it is installing.

Both ways are described below.

#### Running from a Script (Unattended Mode)

When running in unattended mode, the installer will use default values for its parameters unless you specify them at the command line (see Table 1.1 Command-Line Options when Installing from a Script).

Parameter	Values	Meaning	Default
mode	win32 gtk xwindows osxqt text [not available on Windows] unattended [all platforms] [not available for "eval" or "Im" package]	Should the installer display a graphical or a text-based UI? Should the installer ask for user feedback?	GUI available on your platform
unattendedmodeui	none [not available on Windows] minimal [not available on Windows] minimalWithDialogs [required on Windows if usingmode unattended]	If you chosemode unattended, how much graphical feedback should the installer display?	none
prefix	directory to install into	The installation directory the product will be placed into. Note that the installer will always place the product in a directory named rti_connext_dds-7.2.0. See Chapter 2 Paths Mentioned in Documentation on page 13	Platform-dependent Windows Example: c:\program files\rti_ connext_dds-7.2.0
disable_copy_examples	true false	Should the installer disable the copying of examples into <b>rti_workspace</b> during installation (true) or not (false)?	false

Table 1.1 Command-Line Options when Installing from a Script

### 1.1.1 Installing on a Linux System

In these instructions, we assume your host bundle is named rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-pro-hostx64Linux.run and your target bundle is named rti\_connext\_dds-pro-target-7.2.0x64Linux4gcc7.3.0.rtipkg. Your filenames will be different depending on your package type and architecture.

- 1. Download the host and target bundles to a location of your choice; for example, /home/<your user name>/Downloads.
- 2. Install the host bundle. As described above, you can use an installer or a script:
  - Using the installer:

Run the host bundle installer (the .run file). For example:

/home/<your user name>/Downloads/rti\_connext\_7.2.0-dds-pro-host-x64Linux.run

Follow the on-screen prompts. You will be asked if you want to use the default installation directory (/home/<your user name>) or specify a different path. We refer to the installation directory as <NDDSHOME>, see Chapter 2 Paths Mentioned in Documentation on page 13.

• Using a script:

Run from a command prompt:

rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-<package\_type>-host-<host\_platform>.run
--mode unattended --prefix <installation path>

The **--prefix** option allows you to specify the installation directory; if you omit this, the installer will install into a default location.

For example (enter on one line):

```
rti_connext_dds-7.2.0-pro-host-x64Linux.run
--mode unattended --prefix /home/user/rti_connext_dds-7.2.0
```

- 3. Install the target bundle(s). There are two ways to do this:
  - From *RTI Launcher*:

Start *RTI Launcher* (<**NDDSHOME**>/bin/rtilauncher), select the Configuration tab, and click on Install RTI Packages. Add the location of your target file. Click Install.

• From the command line:

Open a command prompt and change to the **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0/bin** directory. Use **<NDDSHOME>/bin/rtipkginstall** to install the target bundle. For example (enter on one line):

```
rtipkginstall
   /home/<your user name>/Downloads/rti_connext_dds-7.2.0-pro-target-
x64Linux4gcc7.3.0.rtipkg
```

- 4. Read Chapter 3 License Management on page 15.
- 5. See 1.3 After Installation on page 10.

#### 1.1.2 Installing on a Windows System

In these instructions, we assume your host bundle is named **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-pro-hostx64Win64.exe** and your target bundle is named **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-pro-targetx64Win64VS2017.rtipkg**. Your filenames will be different depending on your package type and architecture.

Depending on your version of Windows and where you want to install these files, your user account may or may not require administrator privileges.

- 1. Download the host and target bundles to a location of your choice; for example, C:\Users\<your user name>\Downloads.
- 2. Install the host bundle. As described above, you can use an installer or a script:

• Using the installer:

From your file explorer, open (double-click) the host bundle installer (the .exe file).

Follow the on-screen prompts. You will be asked if you want to use the default installation directory (C:\Program Files) or specify a different path.

• Using a script:

Run from a command prompt:

```
rti_connext_dds-<version>-<package_type>-host-<host_platform>.exe
--mode unattended --unattendedmodeui minimalWithDialogs --prefix <installation
path>
```

The **--prefix** option allows you to specify the installation directory. If you do not specify a prefix, the installer will install into a default location.

For example (enter on one line):

```
rti_connext_dds-7.2.0-pro-host-x64Win64.exe --mode unattended
--unattendedmodeui minimalWithDialogs --prefix c:\program files\rti_connext_dds-
7.2.0
```

When running in unattended mode on a Windows system, you must specify **--unattendedmodeui minimalWithDialogs** or the installation will fail.

- 3. Install the target bundle(s). There are two ways to do this:
  - From *RTI Launcher*:

Start *RTI Launcher* (<**NDDSHOME**>\bin\rtilauncher or from the Windows Start menu), select the Configuration tab, and click on Install RTI Packages. Add the location of your package file. Click Install.

• From the command line:

Open a command prompt and change to the **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0\bin** directory. Use the **rtipkginstall** batch file to install the target bundle. For example (enter on one line):

```
rtipkginstall C:\Users\<your user name>\Downloads\rti_connext_dds-7.2.0-pro-
target-x64Win64VS2017.rtipkg
```

- 4. Read Chapter 3 License Management on page 15.
- 5. See 1.3 After Installation on page 10.

#### 1.1.3 Installing on a macOS System

**Note:** Before installing the host and target bundles on a macOS system or an Arm v8 CPU, make sure Rosetta® 2 is installed and enabled. Rosetta 2 is an Apple tool for translating third-party software applications; without it, an error message will display when attempting to install *Connext*. Installation instructions for Rosetta 2 can be found at <a href="https://support.apple.com/enus/HT211861">https://support.apple.com/enus/HT211861</a>. Rosetta 2 is only required during *installation* of the host and target bundles. It is not required at runtime.

In these instructions, we assume your host bundle is named rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-pro-host-darwin.dmg and your target bundle is named rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-pro-target-arm64Darwin20clang12.0.rtipkg. Your filenames will be different depending on your package type and architecture.

- 1. Download the host and target bundles to a location of your choice; for example, /Users/<your user name>/Downloads.
- 2. Double-click on the host bundle .dmg file. You should see a screen appear.
- 3. Double-click on the icon in the screen to run the installer application.
- 4. Follow the on-screen prompts. You will be asked if you want to use the default installation directory (/Applications/rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0) or specify a different path. Note that the installer will always place the product inside a folder named rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0. We refer to the installation directory as <NDDSHOME>, see Chapter 2 Paths Mentioned in Documentation on page 13.

Note: If you do not install *Connext* in the default installation directory (/Applications/rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0), the *Launcher* icon might not display in the macOS Launchpad (see the Launchpad User Guide). You can still access the *Launcher* application in the rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0 directory.

- 5. Install the target bundle(s). There are two ways to do this:
  - From RTI Launcher:

Start *RTI Launcher* (<**NDDSHOME**>/**RTI Launcher**), select the Configuration tab, and click on **Install RTI Packages**. Add the location of your target file. Click **Install**.

• From the command line:

Open a command prompt and change to the **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0/bin** directory. Use **<NDDSHOME>/bin/rtipkginstall** to install the target bundle. For example (enter on one line):

```
rtipkginstall /Users/<your user name>/Downloads/rti_connext_dds-7.2.0-pro-target-
arm64Darwin20clang12.0.rtipkg
```

- 6. Read Chapter 3 License Management on page 15.
- 7. See 1.3 After Installation on page 10.

### 1.2 Installing an Evaluation or LM Version

In addition to RTI Connext Professional, the evaluation ("eval") and LM ("lm") packages include <u>*RTI*</u> <u>*Real-Time WAN Transport*</u>, <u>*RTI Cloud Discovery Service*, <u>*RTI Security Plugins*</u>, and OpenSSL® version 3.0.9. (The installer provides a prebuilt version of OpenSSL 3.0.9. If you wish to build your own version of OpenSSL 3.0.9, you can find the source code here: <u>https://www.openssl.org/source/</u>.)</u>

Evaluation and LM distributions usually combine the *host* and *target* in a single bundle, named after the *target*. For example, **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-eval-x64Win64VS2017.exe** combines the **x64Win64** *host* with the **x64Win64VS2017** *target* in a single evaluation bundle; the same is true for the **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-lm-x64Win64VS2017.exe** LM bundle. The target architecture depends on your target machine where you will deploy your completed application. These strings are listed in the <u>RTI Connext</u> <u>Core Libraries Platform Notes</u>; examples are **x64Win64VS2017** and **x64Linux4gcc7.3.0**.

Some evaluation and LM distributions require you to install two bundles:

- A combined host/target bundle (.run, .exe, or .dmg), such as rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-lm-x64Linux4gcc7.3.0.run or rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-eval-x64Linux4gcc7.3.0.run.
- A separate LM target package (.rtipkg) for the specific target architecture, such as rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-Im-target-armv8Linux4gcc7.3.0.rtipkg.

For example, suppose your target machine uses Ubuntu 18.04 LTS on an Arm v8 CPU. RTI does not currently provide a combined evaluation or LM host/target bundle for this architecture. So first you would install an evaluation/LM bundle for any Linux architecture, then install the LM target package for your Ubuntu 18.04 LTS target on an Arm v8 CPU. The instructions below explain how.

Note: Evaluation and LM packages cannot be installed in "unattended mode."

#### 1.2.1 Installing on a Linux System

- Download the evaluation or LM bundle (for example: rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-eval-x64Linux4gcc7.3.0.run or rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-lm-x64Linux4gcc7.3.0.run) to a location of your choice; for example, /home/<your user name>/Downloads.
- 2. Run the eval/lm bundle installer (the **.run** file). For example:

/home/<your user name>/Downloads/rti connext dds-7.2.0-eval-x64Linux4gcc7.3.0.run

Follow the on-screen prompts. You will be asked if you want to use the default installation directory (/home/<your user name>) or specify a different path. We refer to the installation directory as <NDDSHOME>, see Chapter 2 Paths Mentioned in Documentation on page 13.

3. If your target architecture does not have an Arm CPU, skip this step.

For Linux targets with an Arm CPU, you also need to install an LM target package. This package will have "**Im-target-arm**" in the filename and the architecture will start with "**arm**". You can install it on top of any evaluation or LM bundle for a Linux architecture. That is, the **.run** file and the **.rtipkg** file do not have to use the same Linux architecture string. For example, you can install **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-Im-target-armv8Linux4gcc7.3.0.rtipkg** on top of **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-eval-x64Linux4gcc7.3.0.run**.

There are two ways to install the LM target package:

• From RTI Launcher:

Start *RTI Launcher* (<**NDDSHOME**>/bin/rtilauncher), select the Configuration tab, and click on Install RTI Packages. Add the location of your target file. Click Install.

• From the command line:

Open a command prompt and change to the **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0/bin** directory. Use **<NDDSHOME>/bin/rtipkginstall** to install the target bundle. For example (enter on one line):

```
rtipkginstall
   /home/<your user name>/Downloads/rti_connext_dds-7.2.0-lm-target-
armv8Linux4gcc7.3.0.rtipkg
```

- 4. Read Chapter 3 License Management on page 15.
- 5. See 1.3 After Installation on page 10.

#### 1.2.2 Installing on a Windows System

Depending on your version of Windows and where you want to install these files, your user account may or may not require administrator privileges.

- Download the evaluation or LM bundle (for example: rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-evalx64Win64VS2017.exe or rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-lm-x64Win64VS2017.exe) to a location of your choice; for example, C:\Users\<your user name>\Downloads.
- 2. Install the eval/lm bundle:

From your file explorer, open (double-click) the bundle installer (the .exe file).

Follow the on-screen prompts. You will be asked if you want to use the default installation directory (C:\**Program Files**) or specify a different path.

- 3. Read Chapter 3 License Management on page 15.
- 4. See 1.3 After Installation on the next page.

#### 1.2.3 Installing on a macOS System

**Note:** Before installing an evaluation or LM bundle on a macOS system or an Arm v8 CPU, make sure Rosetta® 2 is installed and enabled. Rosetta 2 is an Apple tool for translating third-party software applications; without it, an error message will display when attempting to install *Connext*. Installation instructions for Rosetta 2 can be found at <a href="https://support.apple.com/enus/HT211861">https://support.apple.com/enus/HT211861</a>. Rosetta 2 is only required during *installation* of the host and target bundles. It is not required at runtime.

- Download the evaluation or LM bundle (for example: rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-lm-x64Darwin20clang12.0.dmg) to a location of your choice; for example, /Users/<your user name>/Downloads.
- 2. Double-click on the host bundle .dmg file. You should see a screen appear.
- 3. Double-click on the icon in the screen to run the installer application.
- 4. Follow the on-screen prompts. You will be asked if you want to use the default installation directory (/Applications/rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0 or specify a different path. Note that the installer will always place the product inside a folder named rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0. We refer to the installation directory as <NDDSHOME>, see Chapter 2 Paths Mentioned in Documentation on page 13.

**Note:** If you do not install *Connext* in the default installation directory (/**Applications**/**rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0**), the *Launcher* icon might not display in the macOS Launchpad (see the Launchpad User Guide). You can still access the *Launcher* application in the **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0** directory.

5. If your target architecture does not have an Arm CPU, skip this step.

For macOS targets with an Arm CPU, you also need to install an LM target package. This package will have "**Im-target**" in the filename and the architecture will start with "**arm**". You can install it on top of any evaluation or LM bundle for a macOS architecture. That is, the .dmg file and the .rtipkg file do not have to use the same macOS architecture string. For example, you can install rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-Im-target-arm64Darwin20clang12.0.rtipkg on top of rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0-Im-x64Darwin20clang12.0.dmg.

There are two ways to install the LM target package:

• From RTI Launcher:

Start *RTI Launcher* (<NDDSHOME>/RTI Launcher), select the Configuration tab, and click on Install RTI Packages. Add the location of your target file. Click Install.

• From the command line:

Open a command prompt and change to the **rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0/bin** directory. Use **<NDDSHOME>/bin/rtipkginstall** to install the target bundle. For example (enter on one line):

```
rtipkginstall /Users/<your user name>/Downloads/rti_connext_dds-7.2.0-lm-
target-arm64Darwin20clang12.0.rtipkg
```

- 6. Read Chapter 3 License Management on page 15.
- 7. See 1.3 After Installation below.

#### 1.2.4 Telemetry Data Collected by Evaluation Version

After installing the *Connext* evaluation ("eval") bundle, you will see a **TELEMETRY\_DATA.json** file, which contains general product usage information without any personal data or personal identifiers. If usage data sharing is enabled, this is the only file that is shared with RTI.

**Note:** Usage data sharing applies only to the evaluation bundle (bundles with "eval" in their name). See <u>"Preferences Dialog," in the Configuration Tab section of the RTI Launcher User's Manual</u> to learn how to enable/disable usage data sharing in the evaluation bundle.

TELEMETRY\_DATA.json is in the following locations:

- macOS systems: /Users/<your user name>/rti\_workspace/7.2.0/.tdata/
- Linux systems: /home/<your user name>/rti\_workspace/7.2.0/.tdata/
- Windows systems: <your Windows documents folder>\rti\_workspace\7.2.0\.tdata\

Where 'your Windows documents folder' depends on your version of Windows. For example, on Windows 10, the folder is C:\Users\<your user name>\Documents.

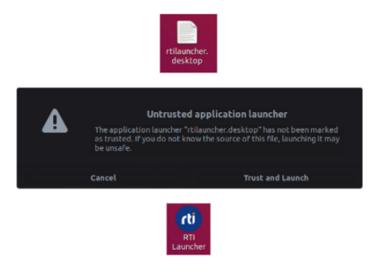
### **1.3 After Installation**

After installation:

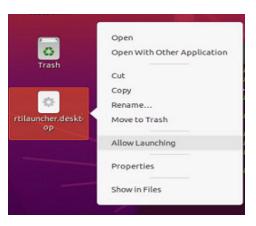
From Launcher, right-click each icon to access documentation about that component. See the RTI Launcher User's Manual (in <NDDSHOME>/doc/manuals/connext\_dds\_pro-fessional/tools/launcher).

• See the *RTI Connext Getting Started Guide* (in <**NDDSHOME**>/doc/manuals/connext\_dds\_professional/getting\_started\_guide).

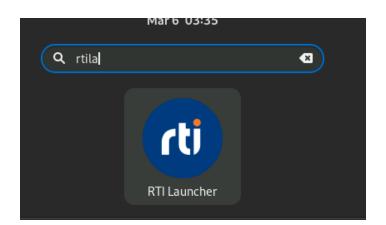
**Note:** On some Linux operating systems, executing the desktop shortcut for *Launcher* might report that the application has not been marked as trusted. This is a harmful warning that will prevent you from executing *Launcher* using the desktop shortcut. To remove this warning, click "Trust and Launch":



This will mark the desktop shortcut as a trusted application, allowing you to run the application. If the warning doesn't appear and the desktop shortcut still doesn't run, right-click the shortcut and click "Allow Launching":



On some Linux operating systems, the desktop shortcut might not execute and will need to be run through the terminal or in the Activities panel. In some newer versions of GNOME, the "Allow Launching" option is missing from the context menu, preventing the desktop shortcut from being run. *Launcher* can still be run from the Activities panel:



Or you can run *Launcher* through the terminal by entering the following command:

gtk-launch rtilauncher.desktop

# Chapter 2 Paths Mentioned in Documentation

The documentation refers to:

#### • <NDDSHOME>

This refers to the installation directory for *RTI*® *Connext*®. The default installation paths are:

- macOS® systems: /Applications/rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0
- Linux systems, non-*root* user: /home/<your user name>/rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0
- Linux systems, *root* user: /opt/rti connext dds-7.2.0
- Windows® systems, user without Administrator privileges: <*your home directory*>\rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0
- Windows systems, user with Administrator privileges: C:\Program Files\rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0

You may also see **\$NDDSHOME** or **%NDDSHOME%**, which refers to an environment variable set to the installation path.

Wherever you see **<NDDSHOME>** used in a path, replace it with your installation path.

**Note for Windows Users:** When using a command prompt to enter a command that includes the path **C:\Program Files** (or any directory name that has a space), enclose the path in quotation marks. For example:

"C:\Program Files\rti\_connext\_dds-7.2.0\bin\rtiddsgen"

Or if you have defined the NDDSHOME environment variable:

"%NDDSHOME%\bin\rtiddsgen"

• <path to examples>

By default, examples are copied into your home directory the first time you run *RTI Launcher* or any script in **<NDDSHOME>/bin**. This document refers to the location of the copied examples as **<path to examples>**.

Wherever you see path to examples>, replace it with the appropriate path.

Default path to the examples:

- macOS systems: /Users/<your user name>/rti\_workspace/7.2.0/examples
- Linux systems: /home/<your user name>/rti\_workspace/7.2.0/examples
- Windows systems: <your Windows documents folder>\rti\_workspace\7.2.0\examples

Where 'your Windows documents folder' depends on your version of Windows. For example, on Windows 10, the folder is C:\Users\<your user name>\Documents.

Note: You can specify a different location for **rti\_workspace**. You can also specify that you do not want the examples copied to the workspace. For details, see Chapter 4 Controlling Location for RTI Workspace and Copying of Examples on page 18.

# **Chapter 3 License Management**

There's a distinction between a *license file* (or string) and a *license*. When you buy an RTI product, such as *RTI Connext Professional*, you are *licensed* to use it.

Within a package, some components may have to be activated using a license file or string, while others may not. For example, when you install the *RTI Connext Professional* package, the Core Libraries (which you are licensed to use) do not require a license file or string. However, tools like *RTI Admin Console* (which you are also licensed to use) require a license file.

Some components that do not require a license file in certain packages may require a license file in other packages. For example, the Core Libraries require a license file in the evaluation ("eval") and LM ("lm") packages. If a component in your *Connext* distribution requires a license file, you will receive one from RTI.

This section describes how to manage a license file. If you have more than one license file from RTI, you can concatenate them into one file. A single license file can be used to run on any architecture and is not node-locked. You are not required to run a license server.

### 3.1 Installing the License File

Save the license file in any location of your choice; the locations checked by the middleware are listed below.

You can also specify the location of your license file in *RTI Launcher's* **Configuration** tab. Then *Launcher* can copy the license file to the installation directory or to the user workspace.

Each time your *Connext* application starts, it will look for the license file in the following locations until it finds a valid license:

1. In the PropertyQosPolicy of the *DomainParticipant*, there may be a property called **dds.license.license\_string**. (Only if you have an "eval" or "lm" version of *Connext*.) The value for this property can be set to the content of a license file. (This may be necessary if a file system is not supported on your platform.) You can set the property either in source code or in an XML file. An XML file example is shown below:

If the content of the license file is in XML, special characters for XML need to be escaped in the license string. Special characters include: quotation marks (") (replace with "), apostrophes (') (replace with **'**), greater-than (>) (replace with **>**), less-than (<) (replace with **<**), and ampersands (&) (replace with **&**).

2. In the PropertyQosPolicy of the *DomainParticipant*, there may be a property called dds.license\_file. (Only if you have an "eval" or "lm" version of *Connext*.) The value for this property can be set to the location (full path and filename) of a license file. (This may be necessary if a default license location is not feasible and environment variables are not supported.) You can set the property either in source code or in an XML file.

Example XML to set dds.license.license\_file:

3. In the location specified in the environment variable **RTI\_LICENSE\_FILE**, which you may set to point to the full path of the license file, including the filename.

**Note:** When you run any of the scripts in the **<NDDSHOME>/bin** directory, this automatically sets the RTI\_LICENSE\_FILE environment variable (if it isn't already set) prior to calling the executable. It looks for the license file in two places: your **rti\_workspace** directory and the installation directory (NDDSHOME). (See Chapter 2 Paths Mentioned in Documentation on page 13.)

- 4. If you are running any of the tools/services as executables via NDDSHOME/bin/<executable script> or through *Launcher*:
  - In your rti\_workspace/<version> directory, in a file called rti\_license.dat.
  - In your rti\_workspace directory, in a file called rti\_license.dat.
  - In <NDDSHOME> (the *Connext* installation directory), in a file called **rti\_license.dat**.
- 5. If you are running your own application linked with *Connext* libraries:
  - In your current working directory, in a file called **rti\_license.dat**.
  - In <NDDSHOME> (the *Connext* installation directory), in a file called **rti\_license.dat**.

As *Connext* attempts to locate and read your license file, you may (depending on the terms of the license) see a printed message with details about your license.

If the license file cannot be found or the license has expired, your application may be unable to initialize *Connext*, depending on the terms of the license. If that is the case, your application's call to **DomainParticipantFactory.create\_participant()** will return null, preventing communication.

If you have any problems with your license file, please email support@rti.com.

### 3.2 Adding or Removing License Management

If you are using a package type that requires a license file and your license file changes—for example, you receive a new license for a longer term than your original license—you do not need to reinstall *Connext*.

However, if you switch from an evaluation ("eval") or LM ("lm") distribution of *Connext* to a regular distribution, or vice versa, RTI recommends that you first uninstall your original distribution before installing your new distribution. Doing so will prevent you from inadvertently using a mixture of libraries from multiple installations.

# Chapter 4 Controlling Location for RTI Workspace and Copying of Examples

By default, the rti\_workspace directory is created here:

- Linux systems: /home/<your user name>/rti\_workspace
- macOS systems: /Users/<your user name>/rti\_workspace
- Windows systems: <your Windows documents folder>\rti workspace

Here's how to specify a different location for **rti\_workspace** and/or disable copying the examples into the workspace.

#### Linux and macOS systems:

- To configure the behavior for *all* users, edit <NDDSHOME>/resource/scripts/rticommon config.sh.
- To configure the behavior for the *current* user (takes precedence), create **\$HOME/.rti/rticommon\_config.sh** as follows:

Uncomment the line(s) that you want to use (remove the #).

#### Windows systems:

• To configure the behavior for *all* users, edit <NDDSHOME>\resource\scripts\rticommon\_config.bat. • To configure the behavior for the *current* user (takes precedence), create <your home directory>\rti\rticommon config.bat as follows:

Uncomment the line(s) that you want to use ( delete "@REM" at the start of the line).

# **Chapter 5 Special Backup of RTI Libraries**

The following information applies if you are installing a patch release (a release with four digits, such as 7.2.0.1) into an existing installation directory. It does not apply if you are installing a patch release into a new directory. See the instructions that come with your patch release to know whether it's okay to install into an existing directory or you should install into a new one. You should almost never install a three-digit release into an existing installation directory.

### 5.1 Overwriting Libraries

When installing a new RTI package that overwrites a given library in the <**NDDSHOME**>/lib/<architecture> directory, the installer will copy the library from the <**NDDSHOME**>/lib/<architecture> directory to the <**NDDSHOME**>/lib/<architecture>/<current\_installed\_version> directory. This copy will serve as a backup.

For example, if you install patch version 7.2.0.1 to the RTI core libraries for x64Win64VS2017, your overwritten core 7.2.0 libraries will be copied into the following directory before the 7.2.0.1 libraries are installed: **<NDDSHOME>/lib/x64Win64VS2017/7.2.0**.

If you install another patch later, before the 7.2.0.1 libraries are overwritten, then the 7.2.0.1 libraries will be copied into **<NDDSHOME>/lib/x64Win64VS2017/7.2.0.1**.

## 5.2 Installing Add-on Products when Using RTI Tools

RTI Tools commonly rely on the backup directory, so it is important to make sure its contents are correct, especially when you are using add-on products, such as *RTI Security Plugins*. To ensure the backup contents are correct, do the following:

Before installing a new patch (e.g., 7.2.0.1) that contains an add-on product, such as *Security Plugins*, always install the base version (e.g., **rti\_security\_plugins-7.2.0-host-<arch>.r-tipkg**) of the add-on product, if you haven't already, before installing the patch release

#### version (e.g., rti\_security\_plugins-7.2.0.1-host-<arch>.rtipkg).

Installing the base version first ensures that when RTI Tools (such as *RTI Admin Console*, *RTI Monitor*, and *RTI System Designer*) are not part of the patch release (they usually are not), they keep using the base libraries they are built with instead of the patched libraries. You will receive an error otherwise.

(The RTI tool will look for the base libraries in the backup directory, such as **NDDSHOME**>/resource/app/lib/x64Win64VS2017/7.2.0. But that backup directory either will not exist or will not contain all of the necessary base libraries if you didn't install the base version packages first. The tool will then look for the library in the patched directory. But if the patched library uses a function that is not implemented in the core library in the backup directory, an error occurs.)

# **Chapter 6 Uninstalling Connext**

To uninstall Connext, run the uninstaller application.

• On Windows platforms:

If available from the Start Menu, run the uninstaller by clicking on the Uninstall RTI Connext DDS <package> option. Note that this is not available from the menu on Windows 8 systems. Alternatively, use Add/Remove Programs from the Windows Control Panel to uninstall *Connext*, or run the application from the <NDDSHOME>\uninstall directory.

• On other platforms:

Run the uninstaller from the **<NDDSHOME**>/uninstall directory.

Note: The uninstaller does not delete the **rti\_workspace** directory. To delete all RTI files, delete the **rti\_workspace** directory in your home directory. (See Chapter 2 Paths Mentioned in Documentation on page 13.)